

Design Team:- Focussing the wisdom of the crowd



Ed Griffen
MedChemica

Role

- MedChem strategy (TPP, test cascade, compound strategy, *IP...*)
- Prioritizing compounds for make & test
- X-connections to synthesis, testing, comp chem, structure teams

Composition ~20 members:

- UCB Comp & MedChem
- Thamespartners (Bruce & Ralph ex Pfizer)
- DNDi (Ben & Peter ex UCB & AZ)
- MedChemica (Ed ex AZ & Lauren A* Singapore)
- Postera (Alpha, Matt U of Cambridge)
- Bobby Glen(U of Cambridge, Imperial)
- Weizmann Institute, U of Oxford, Memorial S-K

Contribute Your Expertise

Submit drug design ideas using the form below.

15,008 molecules
submitted

1,396 synthesized
and tested

211 structures

Submit Molecule(s)

Drugs have to meet a complex series of objectives to have a chance of working in the clinic

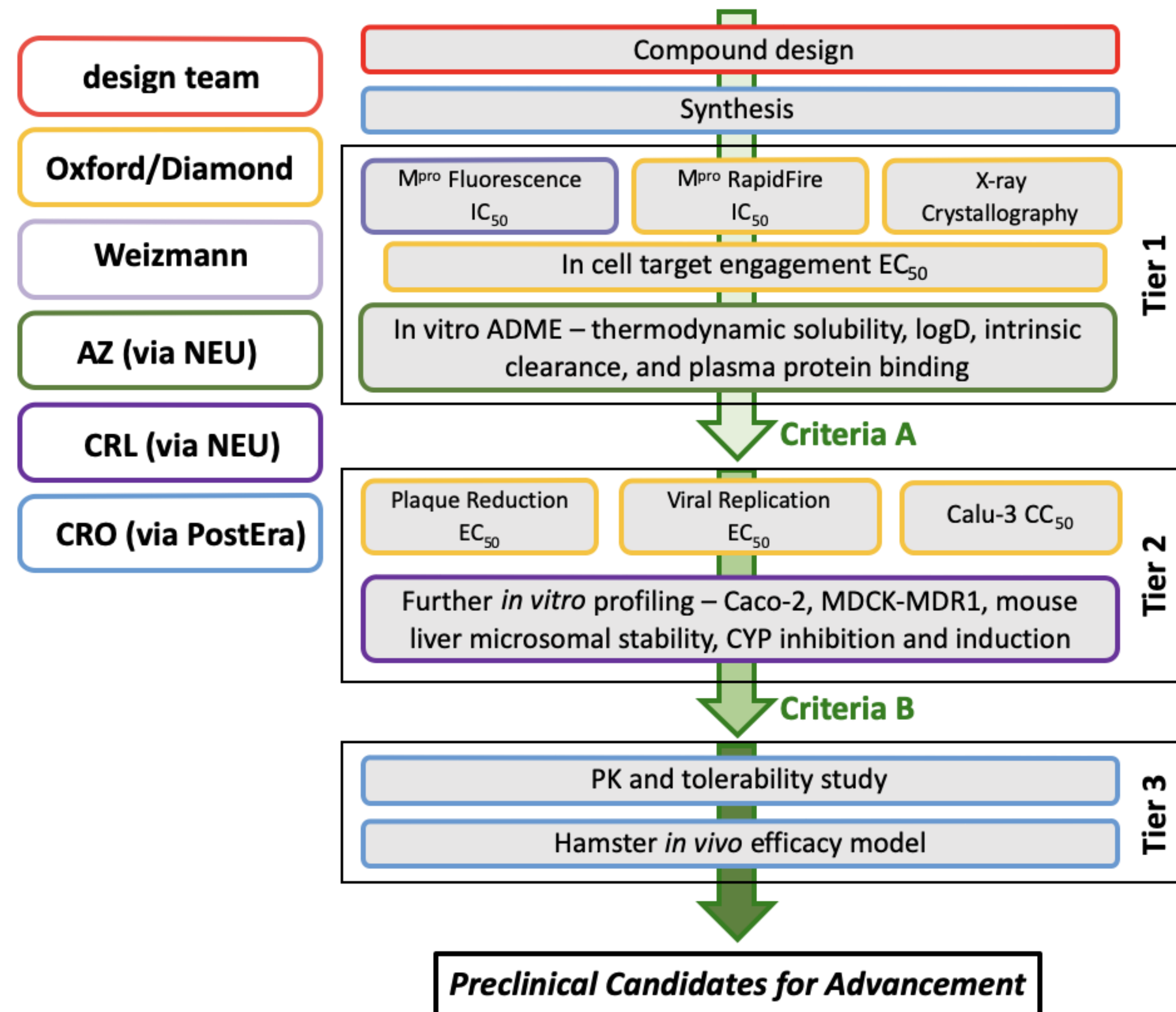


Target Product Profile (TPP) for oral SARS-CoV-2 main viral protease (Mpro) inhibitor

Property	Target range	Rationale
protease assay	IC ₅₀ < 50 nM	Extrapolation from other anti-viral programs
viral replication assay	EC ₅₀ < 5 μM	Suppression of virus at achievable blood levels
plaque reduction assay	EC ₅₀ < 5 μM	Suppression of virus at achievable blood levels
route of administration	oral	bid/tid - compromise PK for potency if pharmacodynamic effect achieved
solubility	> 5 mg/mL	Aim for biopharmaceutical class 1 assuming ≤ 750 mg dose
half-life	> 8 h (human) est from rat and dog	Assume PK/PD requires continuous cover over plaque inhibition for 24 h max bid dosing
safety	Only reversible and monitorable toxicities No significant DDI - clean in 5 CYP450 isoforms hERG and NaV1.5 IC ₅₀ > 50 μM No significant change in QTc Ames negative No mutagenicity or teratogenicity risk	No significant toxicological delays to development DDI aims to deal with co-morbidities / therapies, cardiac safety for COVID-19 risk profile cardiac safety for COVID-19 risk profile Low carcinogenicity risk reduces delays in manufacturing Patient group will include significant proportion of women of childbearing age



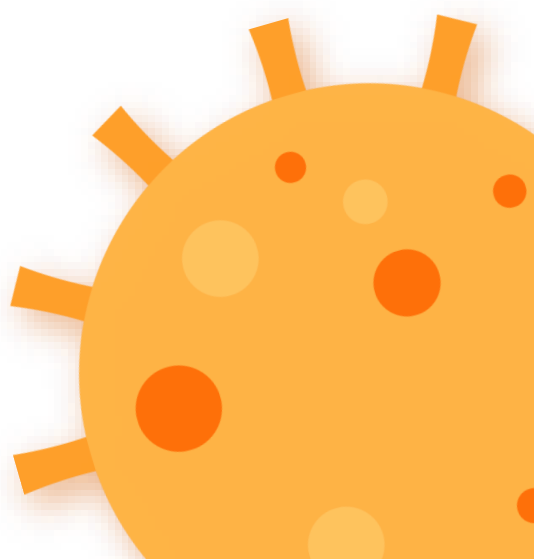
Getting a drug into the clinic requires collecting key data demonstrating effectiveness and safety



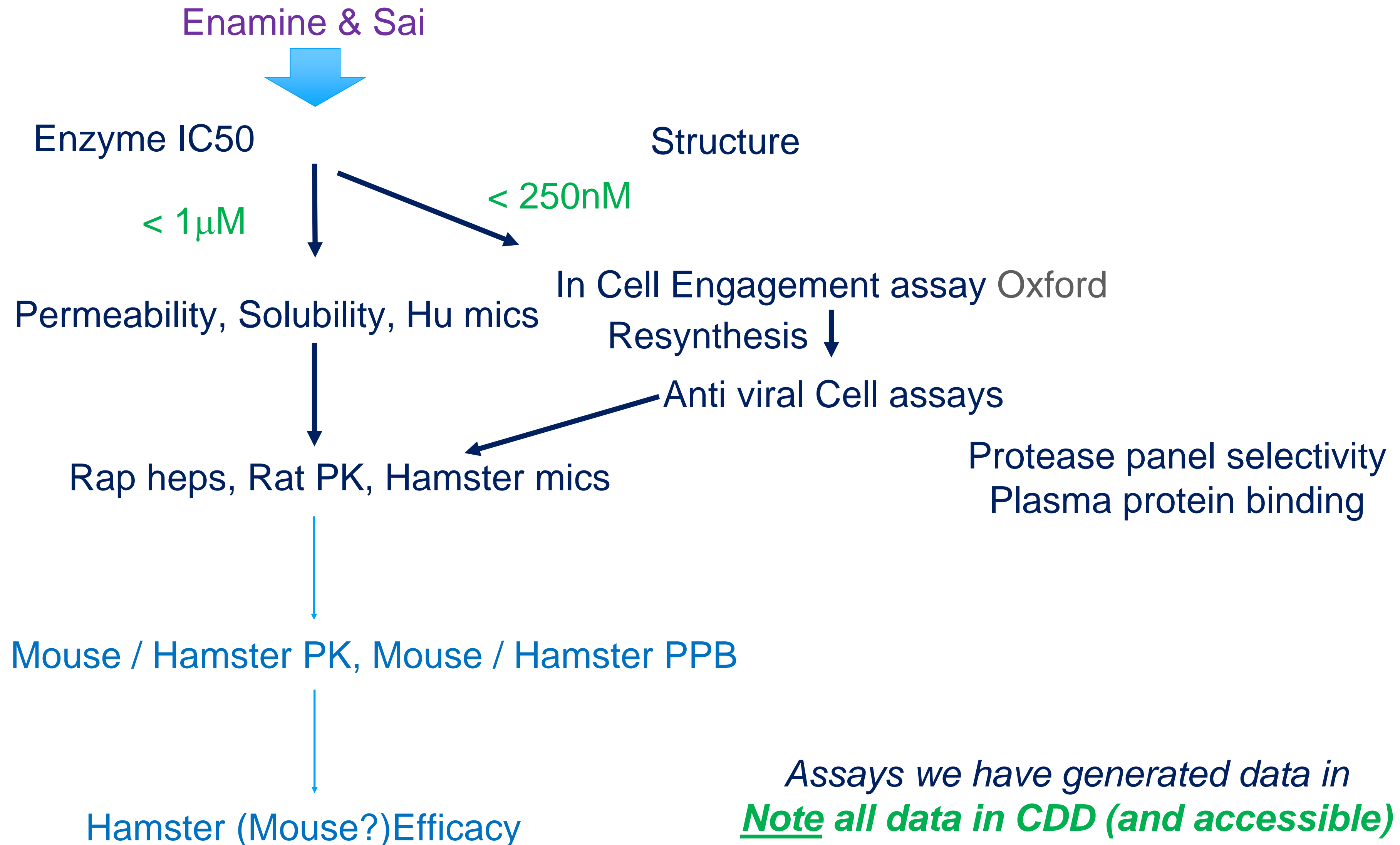
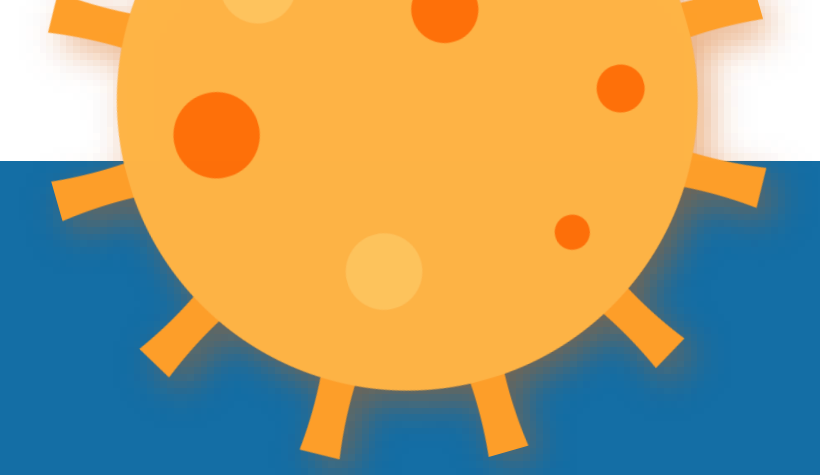
Does it block M^{pro}? How does it bind?
Does it work in cells?
Does it have a chance of working in humans?

Does it kill the virus in cells?
Could it cause bad side effects?

Can a pill be made?



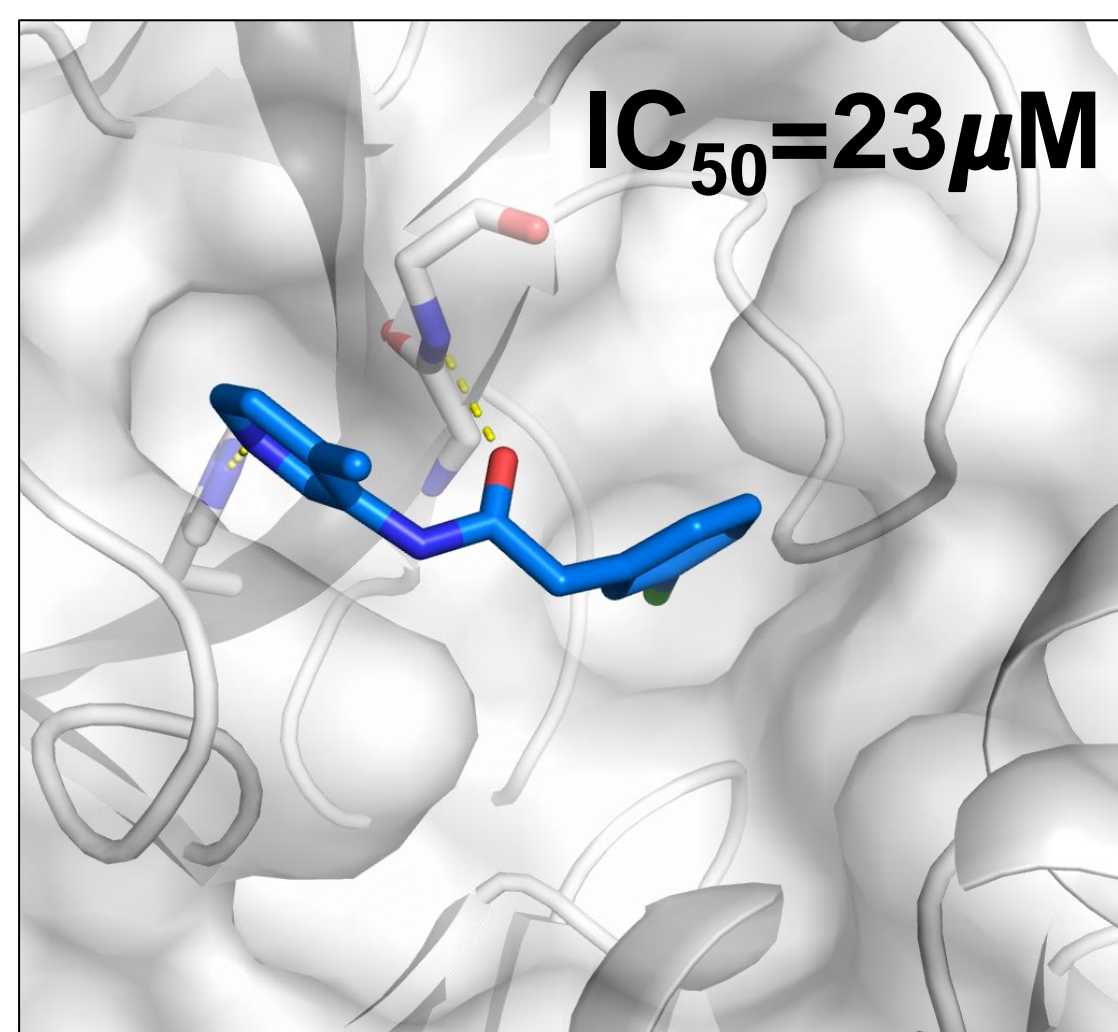
Flexible Critical Path Cascade



Aminopyridines

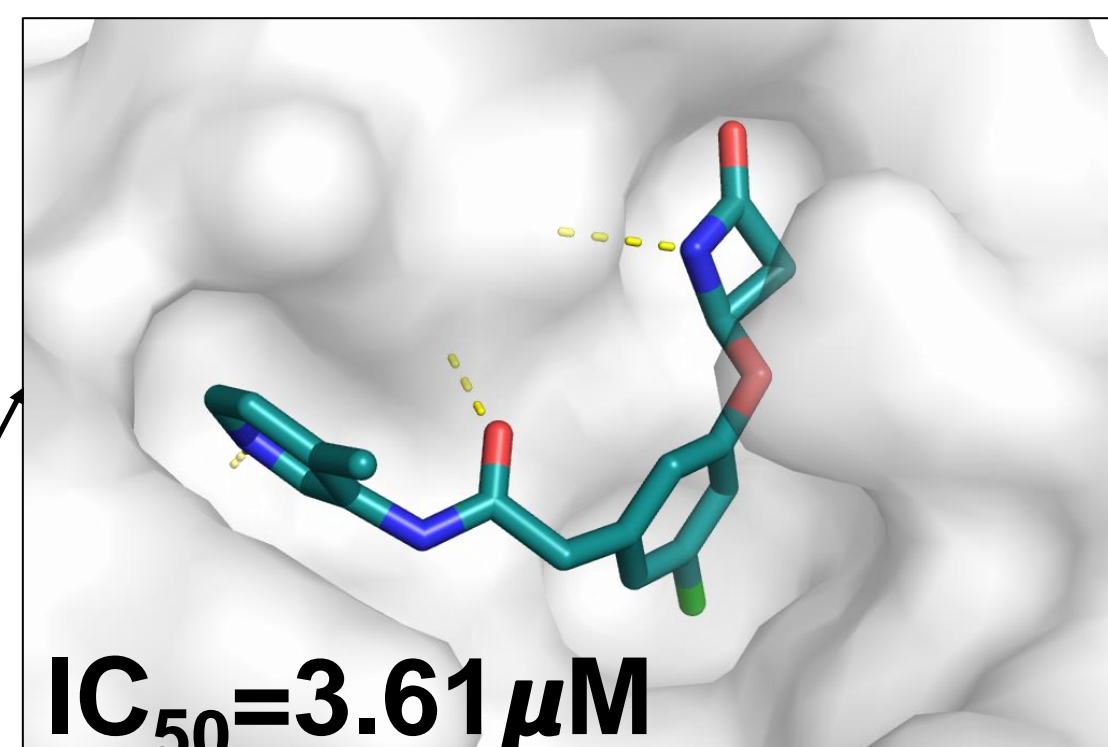


~300 compounds with an amino pyridine substructure tested

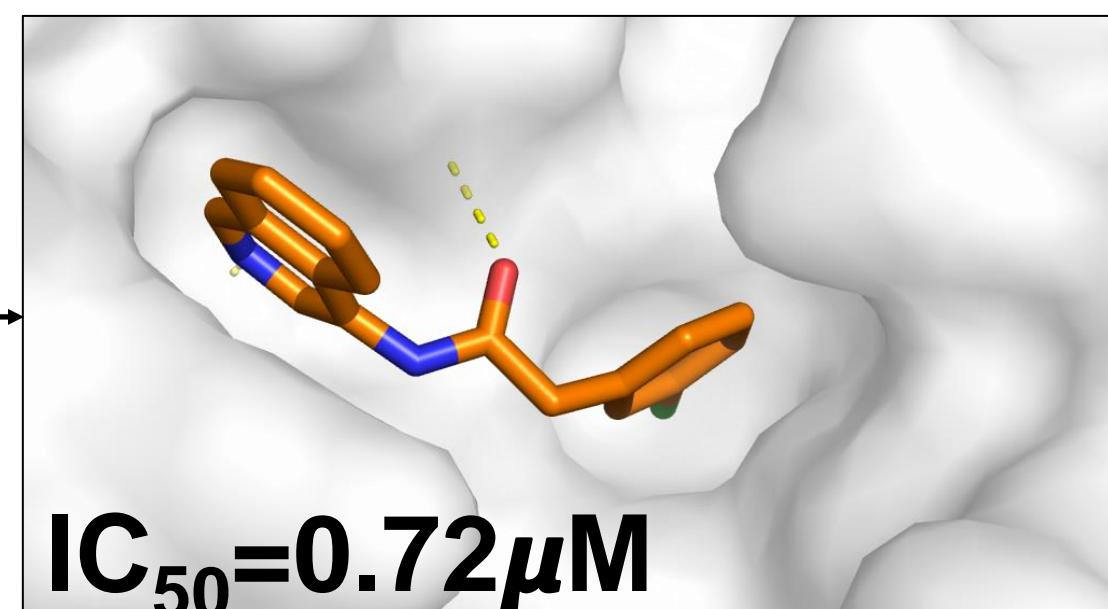


~ 40 with IC₅₀ < 10 μM

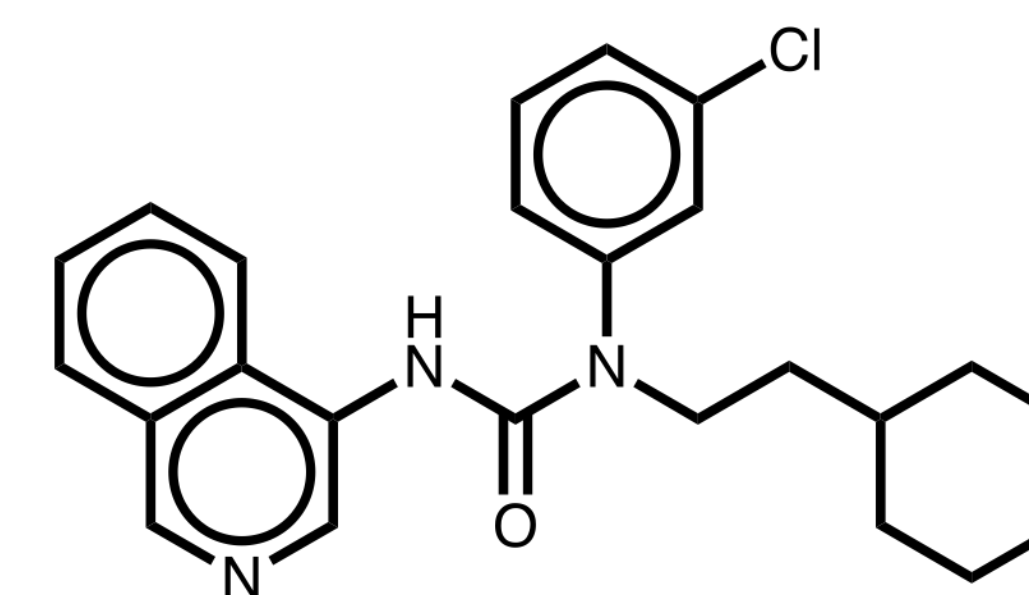
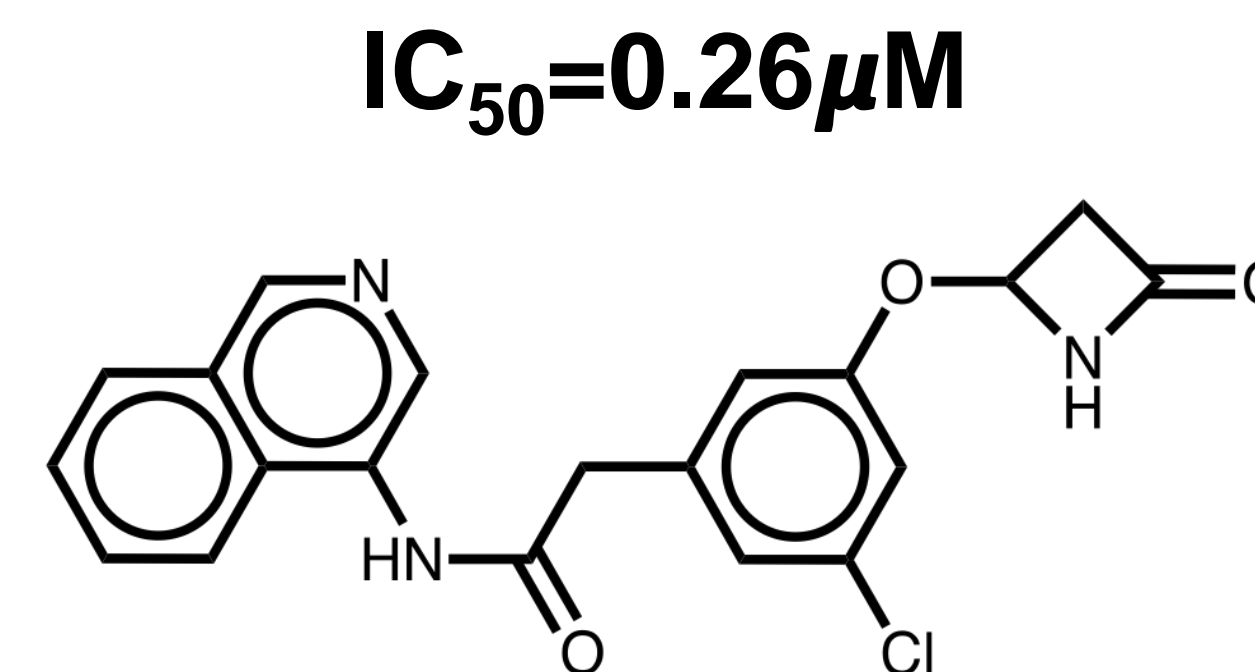
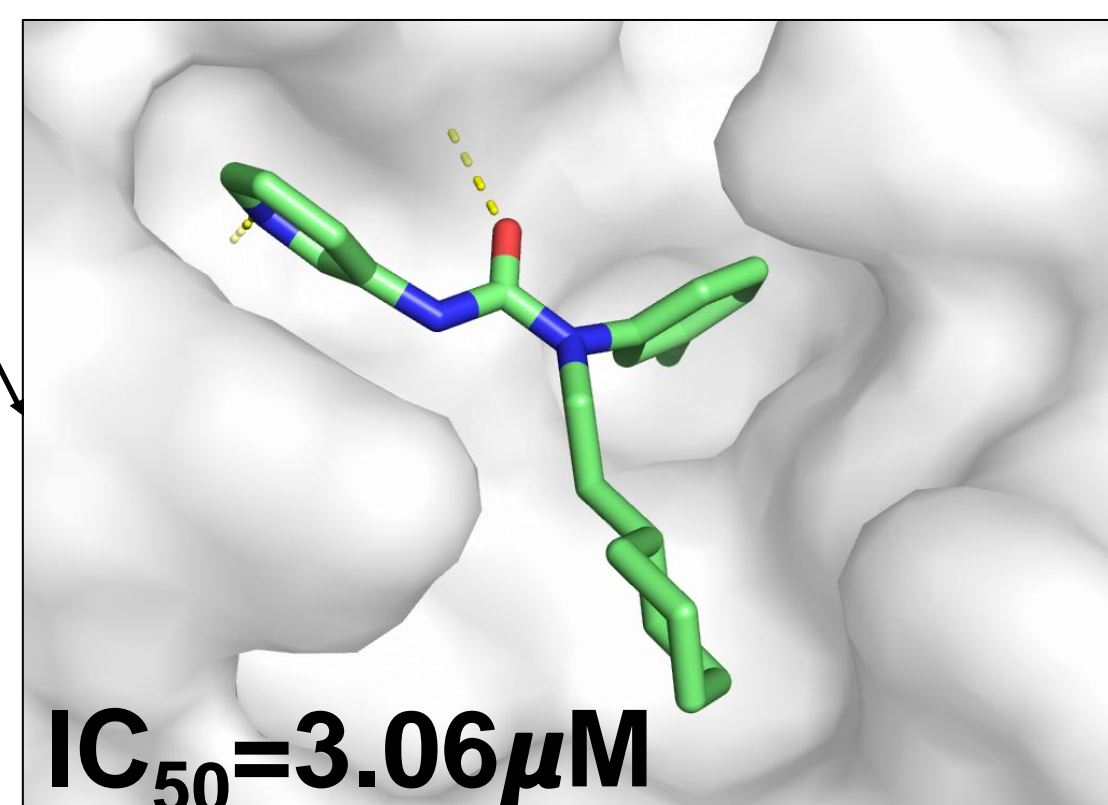
6.4x



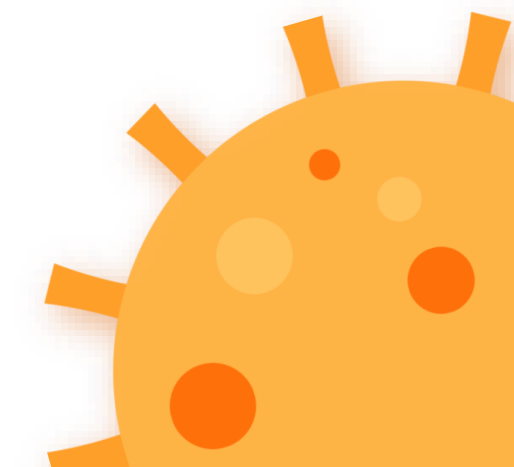
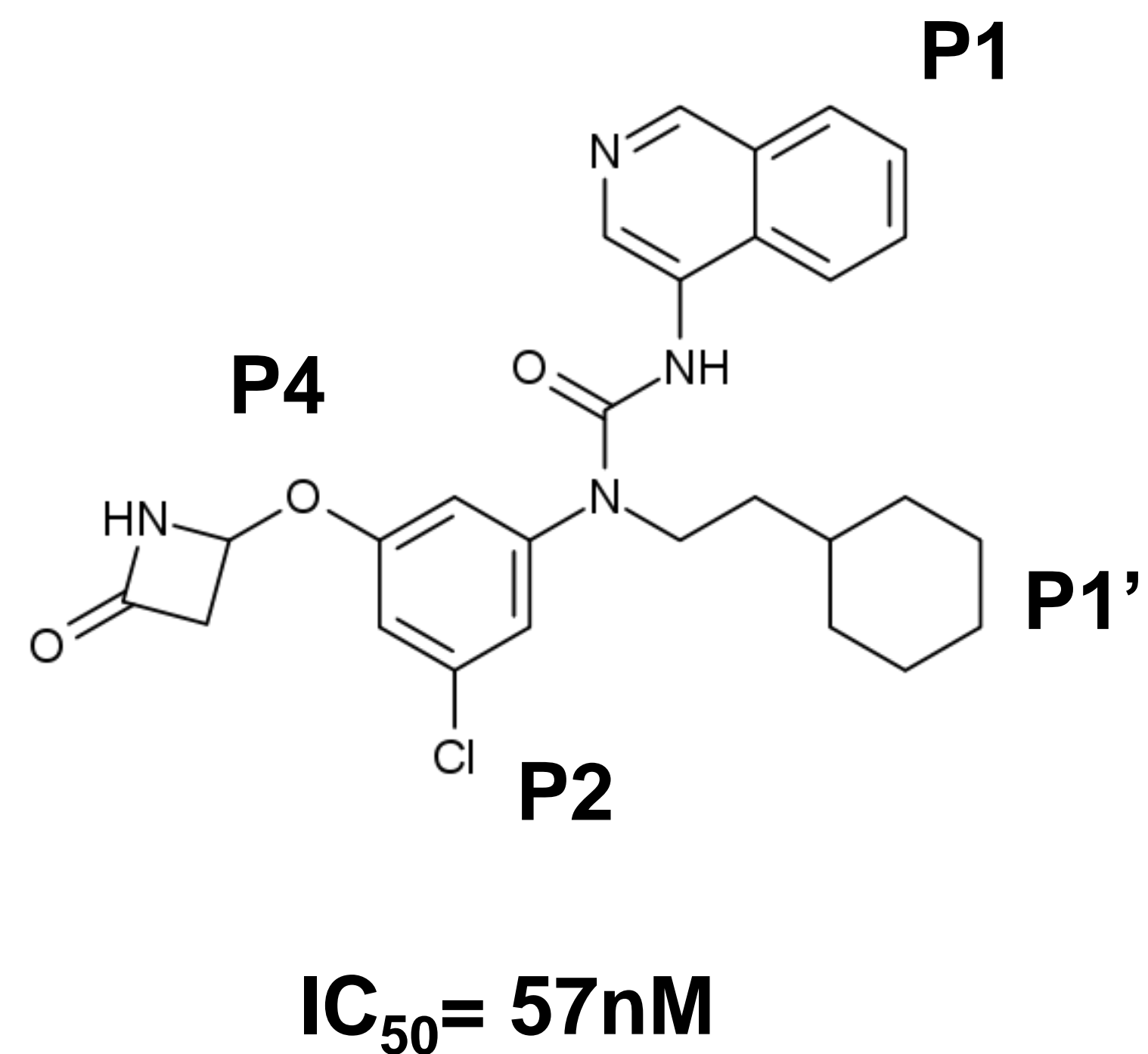
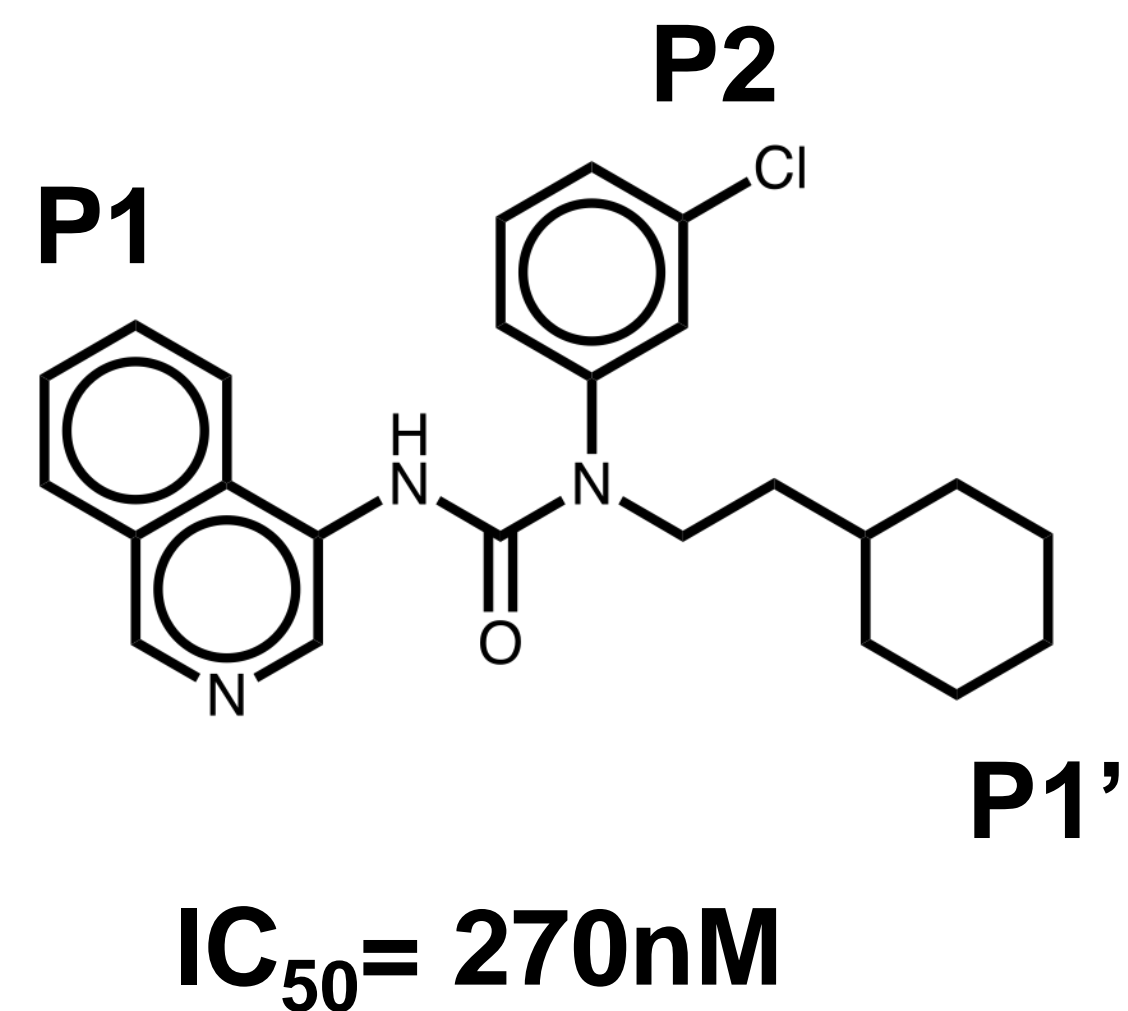
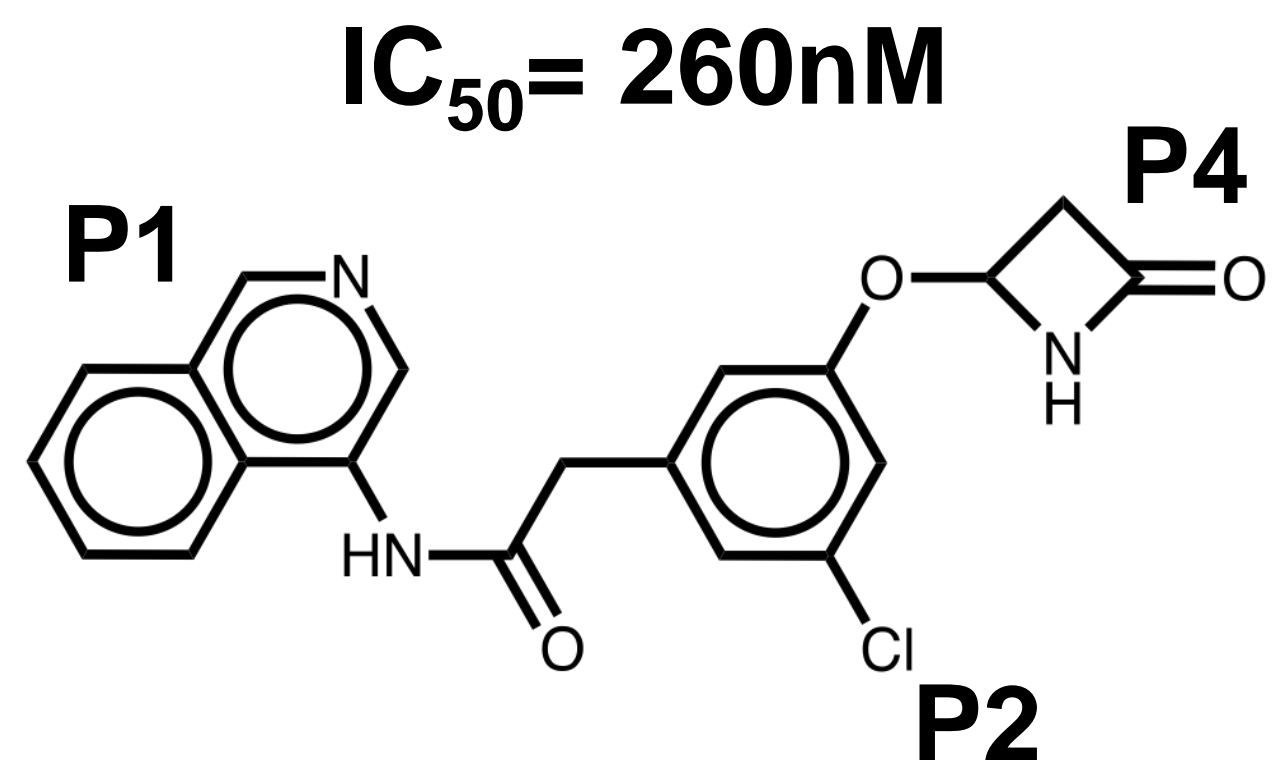
32x



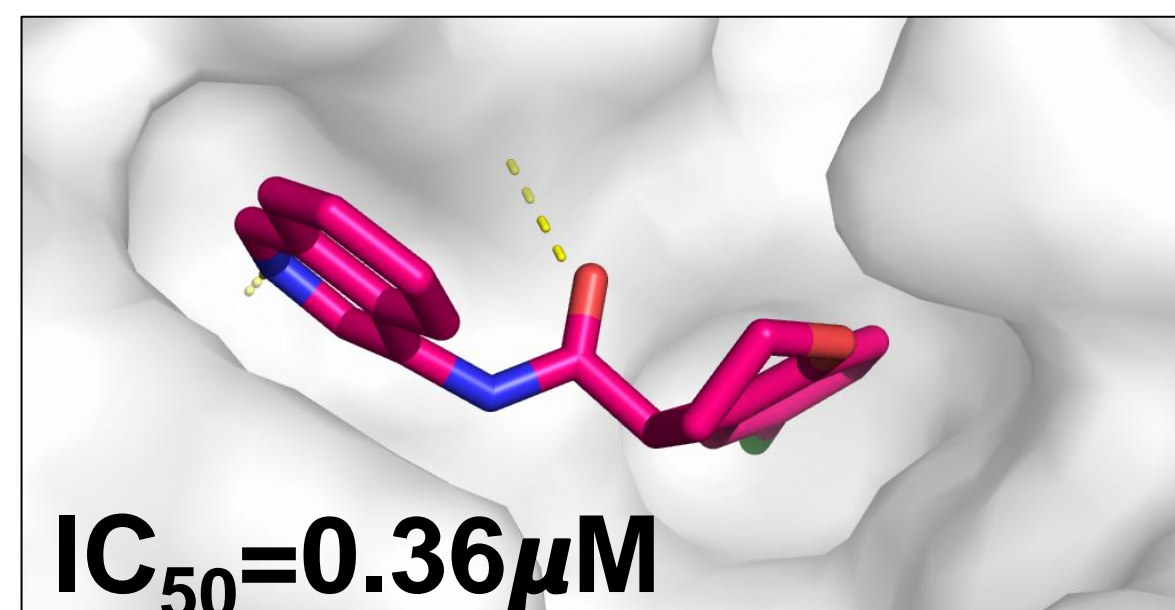
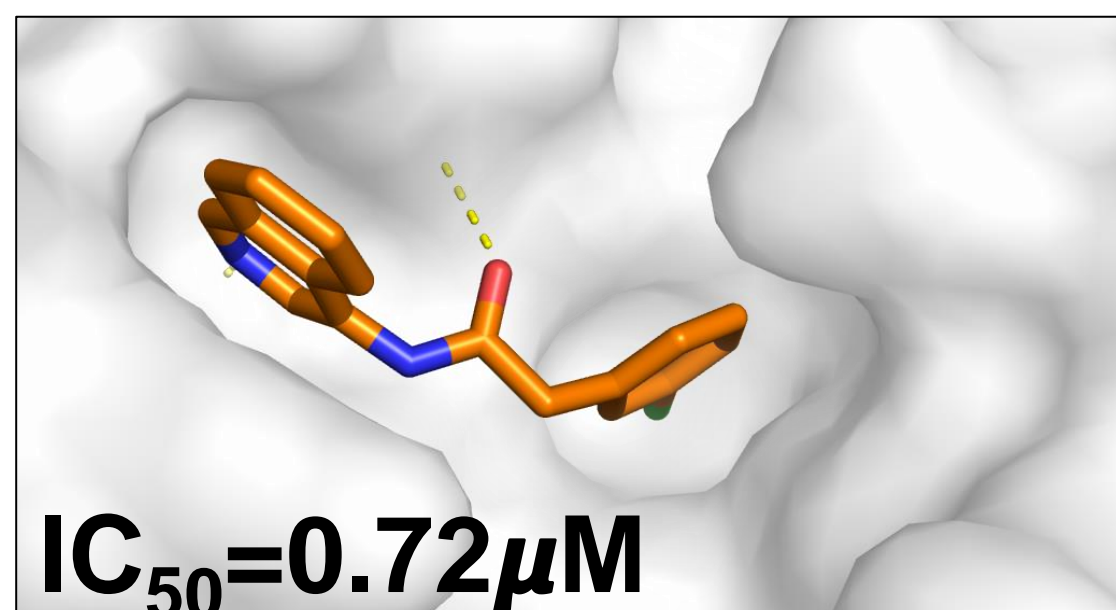
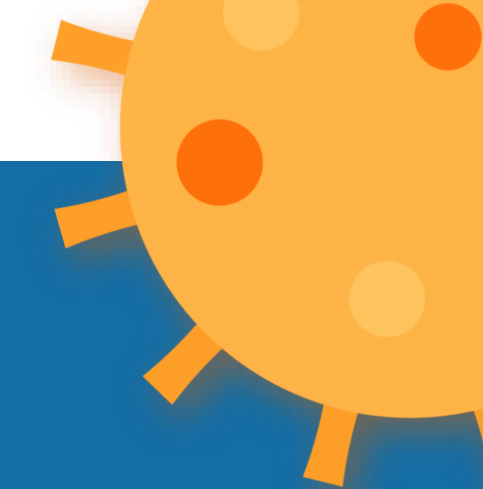
7.5x



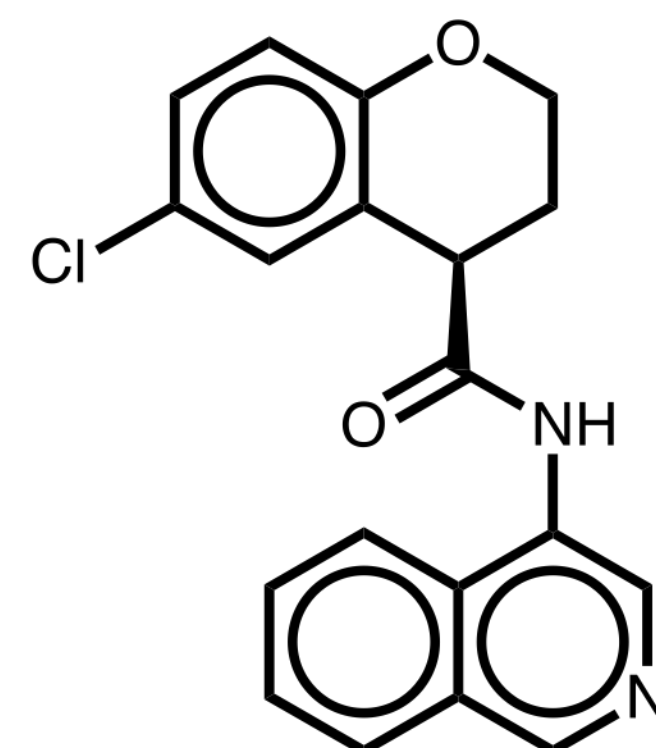
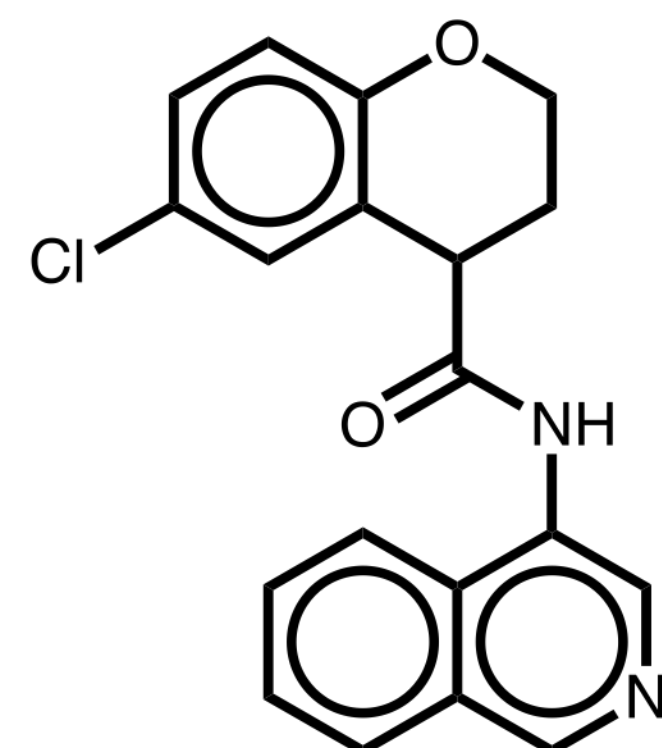
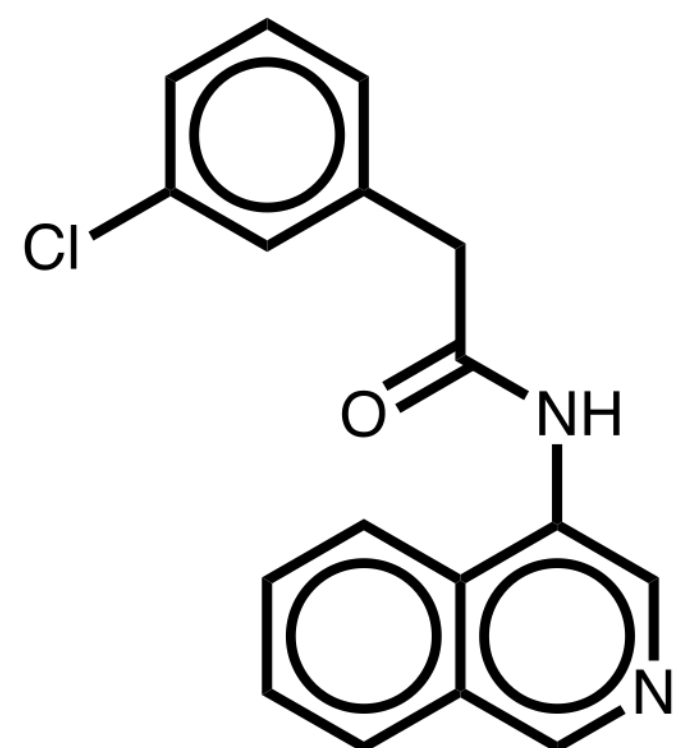
Aminopyridines – understanding SAR



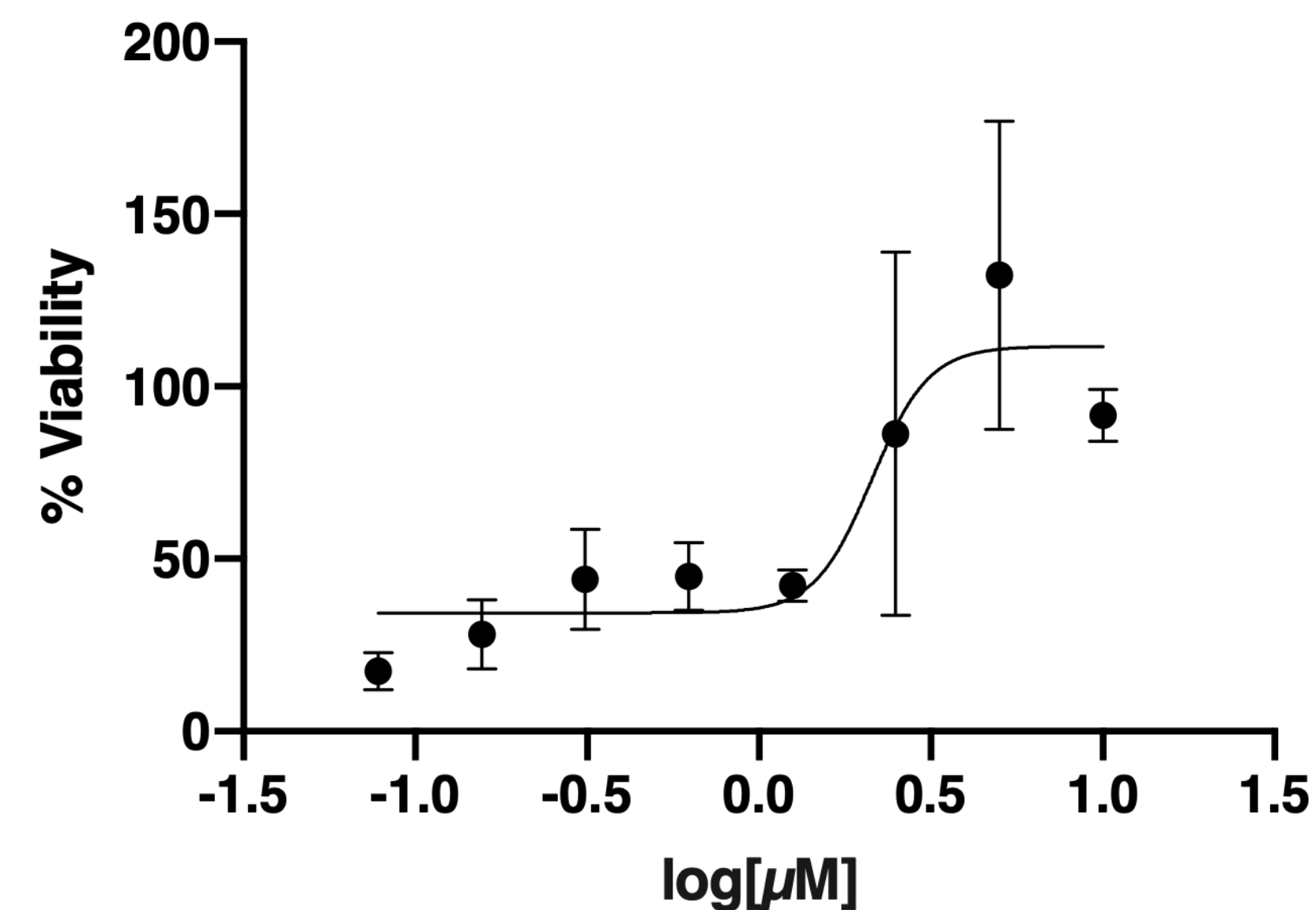
Aminopyridines - benzopyrans



$IC_{50}=0.14\mu M$

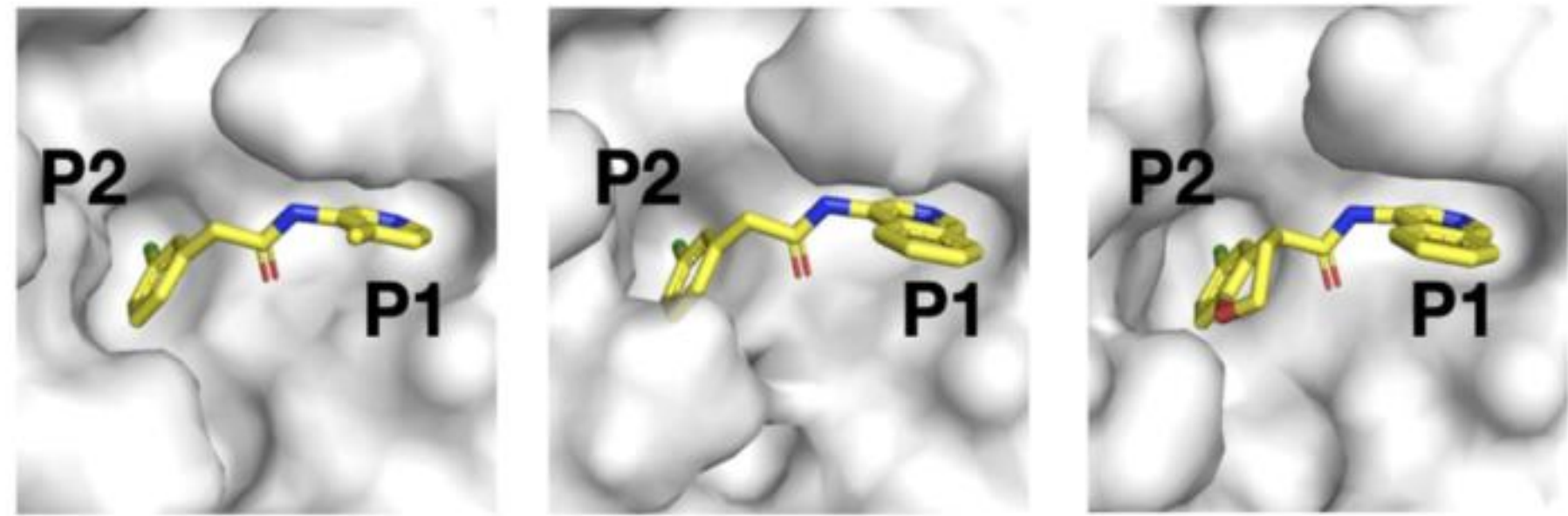


Viral activity assay
(Live SARS-CoV-2)
 $EC_{50} = 2\mu M$



With the Israel Institute
of Biological Research

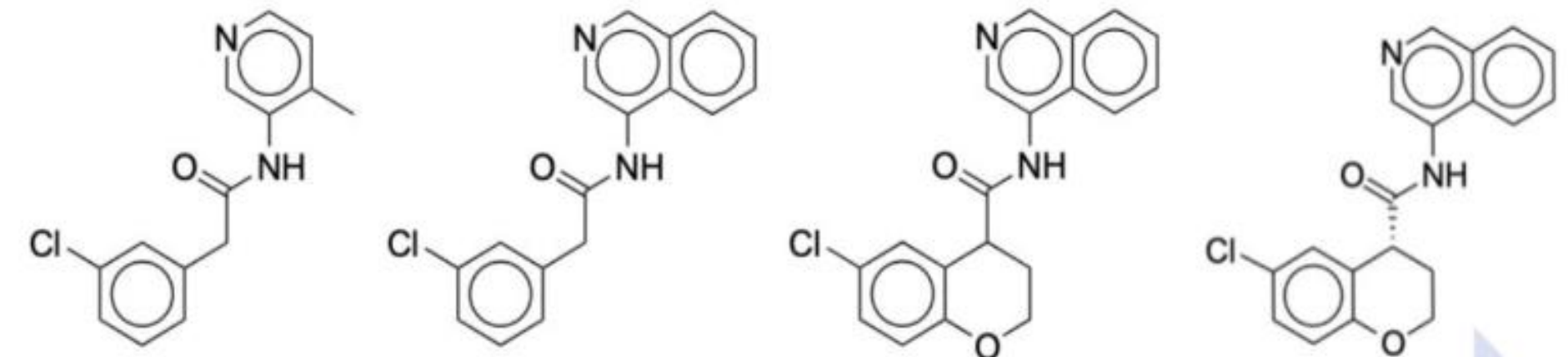
Aminopyridines – progression since August



DiamondMX/XChem x2646

DiamondMX/XChem x10959

DiamondMX/XChem x11498



TRY-UNI-714a760b-6

IC₅₀=24 uM

ADA-UCB-6c2cb422-1

IC₅₀=720 nM

VLA-UCB-1dbca3b4-15

IC₅₀=360 nM

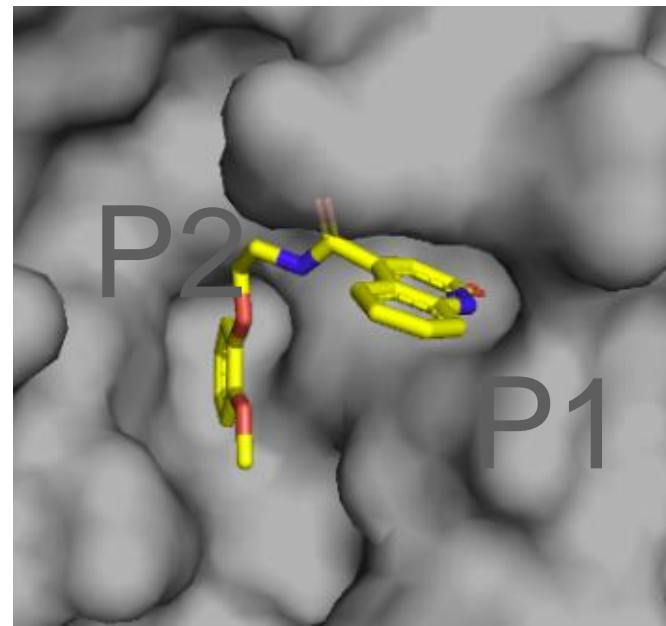
MAT-POS-b3e365b9-1

IC₅₀=140 nM

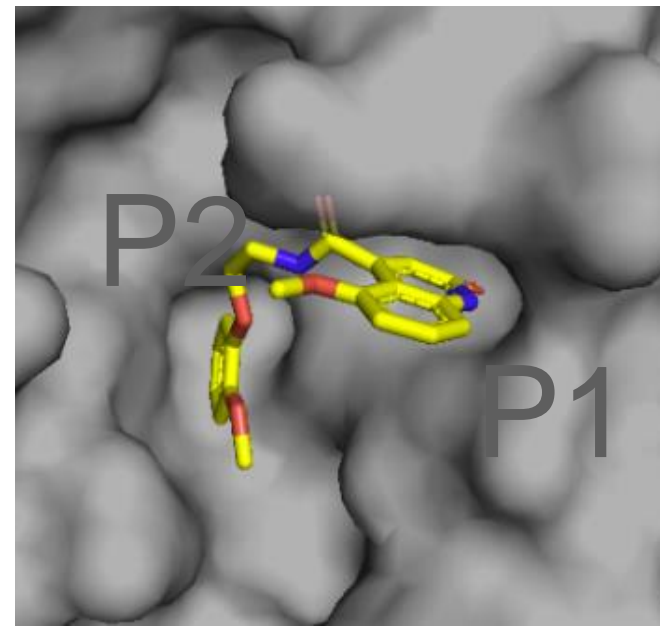
P1

Assay	Type	August	December	TPP goal
Tier 1		JOR-UNI-2fc98d0b-12	MAT-POS-b3e365b9-1	
Mpro inhibition (Fluorescence)	IC50	3.1 µM	141 nM	<50 nM
Mpro inhibition (RapidFire)	IC50	3.3 µM	257 nM	<50 nM
thermodynamic solubility	solubility		34 µM	>10 µM
plasma protein binding	fraction unbound		12±2% unbound	>1% unbound
Tier 2				
VeroE6 antiviral activity (CPE)	IC50		1.57 µM	<5 µM
VeroE6 antiviral activity (qPCR)	IC50	7.31 µM	2.63 µM	<5 µM
VeroE6 cytotoxicity	CC50	25.5 µM	>500 µM	>100 µM
A549 cytotoxicity	CC50	14.1 µM	>100 µM	>100 µM
Calu-3 cytotoxicity	CC50	18.2 µM	>100 µM	>100 µM
protease selectivity at 100 µM	40 human protease panel		<12%	<40%
MDCK-MDR1	Papp		41±1 x10 ⁻⁶ cm/s	>10 x10 ⁻⁶ cm/s
human liver	CLint		98.3 µg/min/mg protein	<10 µg/min/mg protein
microsomal stability	t 1/2		14.1 min	>120 min
Tier 3				
rat oral bioavailability	t 1/2		1 h	>8 h

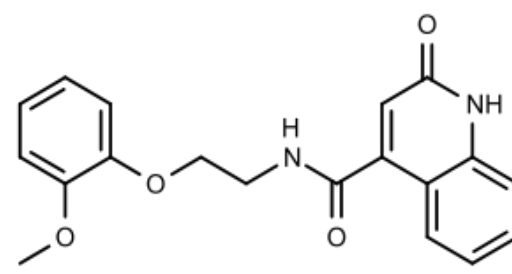
Quinolones – progression since August



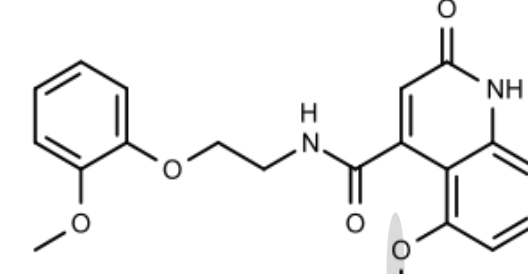
Diamond MX/XChem x2910



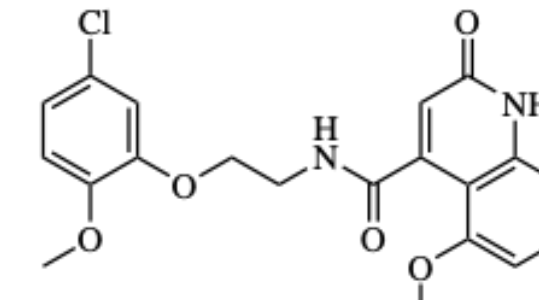
Diamond MX/XChem 11294



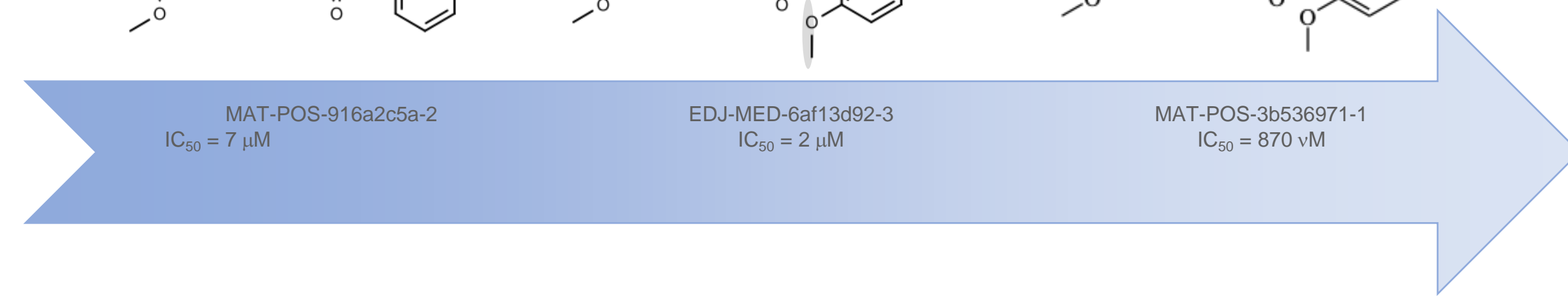
MAT-POS-916a2c5a-2
IC₅₀ = 7 μM



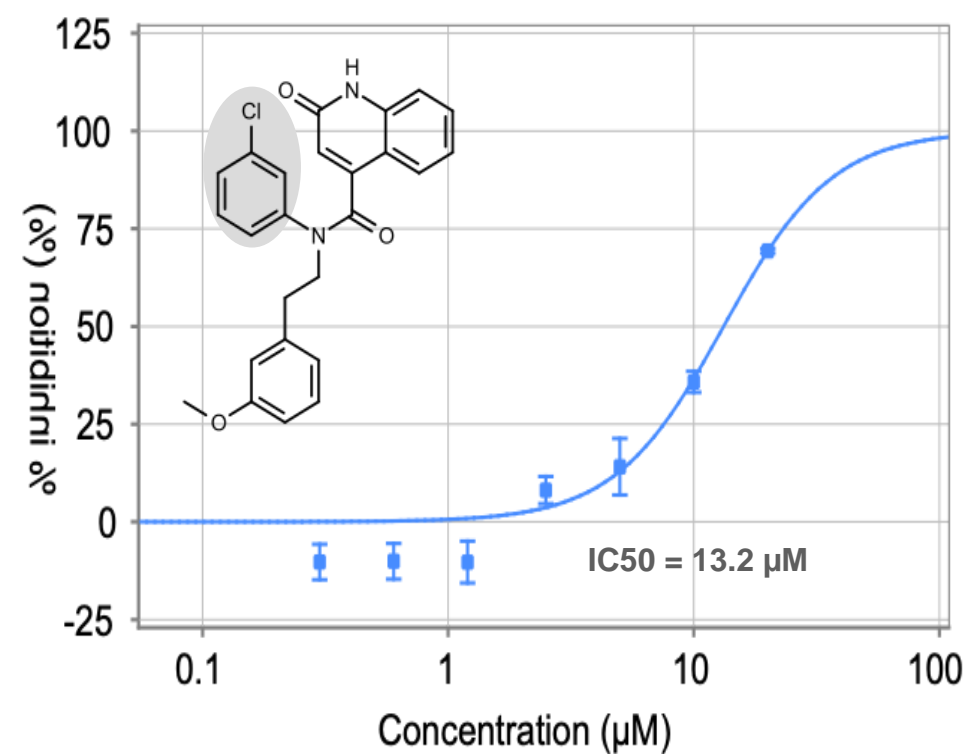
EDJ-MED-6af13d92-3
IC₅₀ = 2 μM



MAT-POS-3b536971-1
IC₅₀ = 870 nM

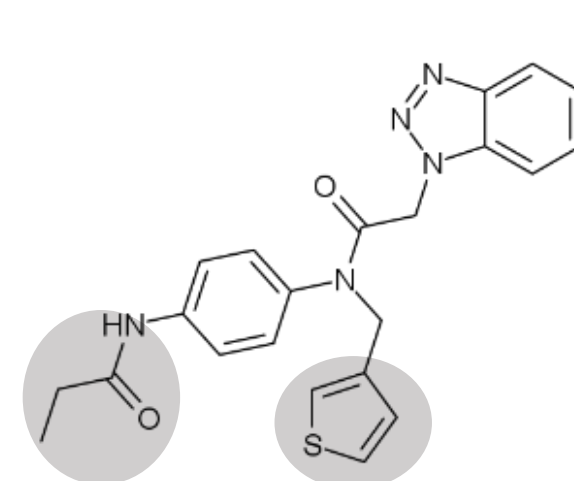
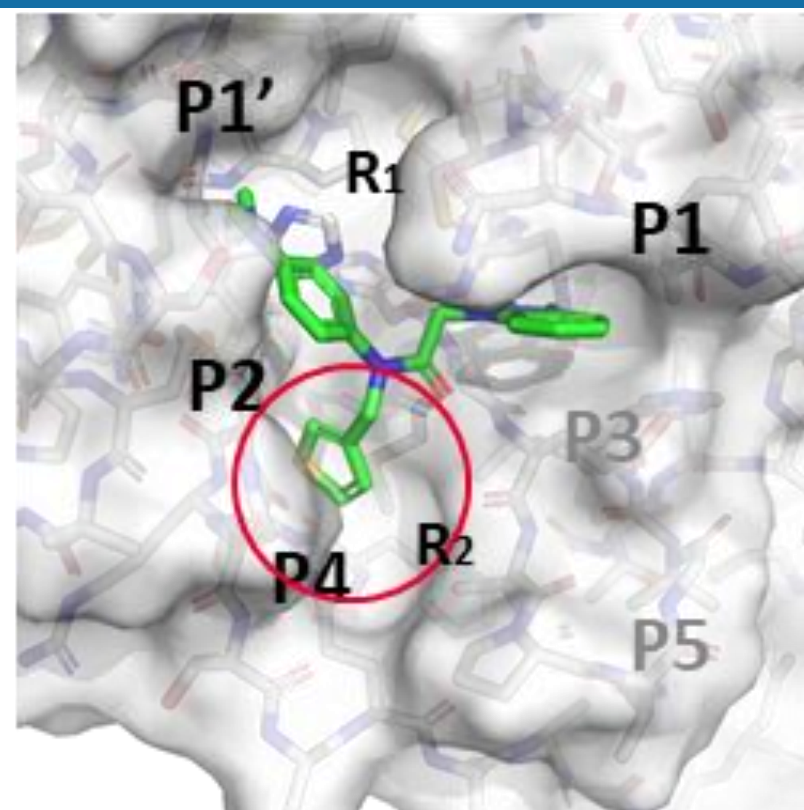
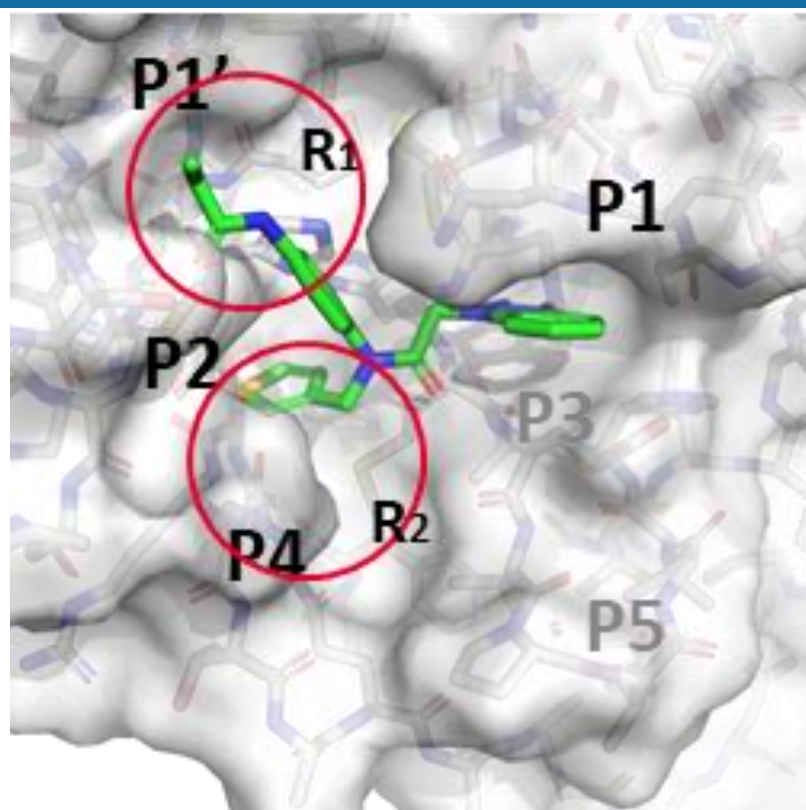


ALP-POS-ddb41b15-4
(Fluorescence, OC43, Chicago)

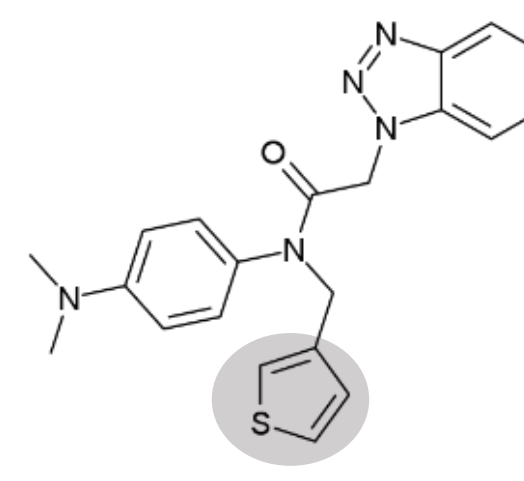


Assay	Type	August	December	December	TPP goal
Tier 1		MAT-POS-916a2c5a-2	EDJ-MED-6af13d92-3	MAT-POS-3b536971-1	
Mpro inhibition (Fluorescence)	IC ₅₀	7.5 μM	2.03 μM	870 nM	<50 nM
Mpro inhibition (RapidFire)	IC ₅₀	3.5 μM	2.08 μM		<50 nM
thermodynamic solubility	solubility		84 μM		>10 μM
plasma protein binding	fraction unbound		29.5±0.7% unbound		>1% unbound
Tier 2					
VeroE6 antiviral activity (fluorescence, OC43)	IC ₅₀		>20 μM		<5 μM
VeroE6 antiviral activity (CPE)	IC ₅₀		not active		<5 μM
VeroE6 cytotoxicity	CC ₅₀		>20 μM		>100 μM
A549 cytotoxicity	CC ₅₀		>10 μM		>100 μM
Calu-3 cytotoxicity	CC ₅₀		>100 μM		>100 μM
protease selectivity at 100 μM	40 human protease panel		<10%		<40%
MDCK-MDR1	Papp		2.0±0.1 x 10 ⁻⁶ cm/s		>10 x 10 ⁻⁶ cm/s
human liver	CLint		19.3 μg/min/mg protein		<10 μg/min/mg protein
microsomal stability	t 1/2		71.9 min		>120 min
Tier 3					
rat oral bioavailability	t 1/2		43 min		>8 h

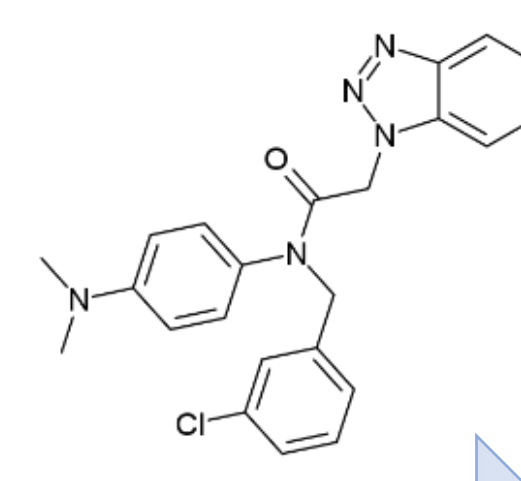
Benzotriazoles – progression since August



ALP-POS-c59291d4-2
IC50 12.56 μM

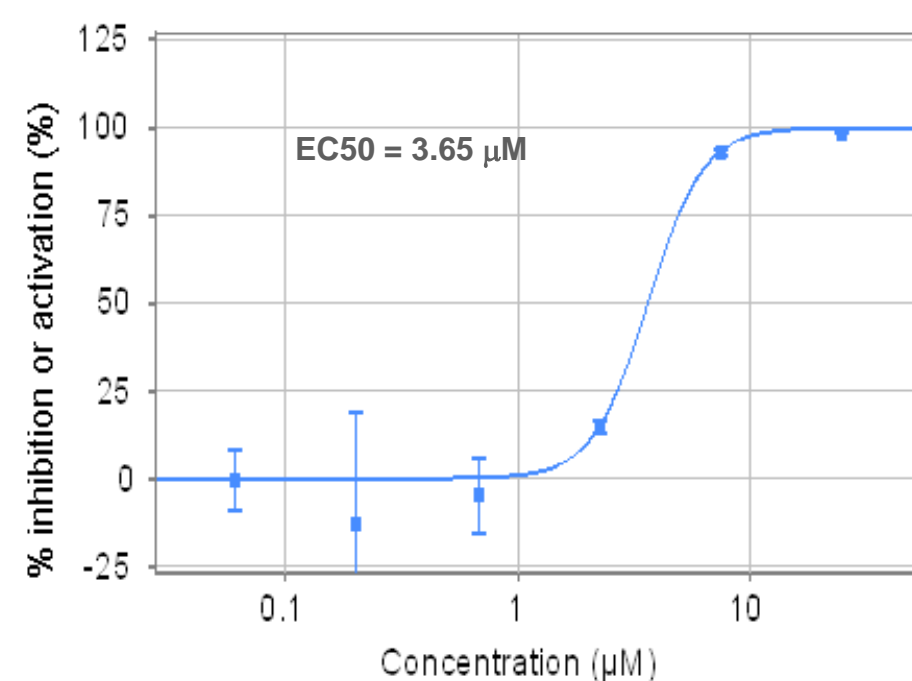


ALP-POS-c59291d4-2
IC50 5.369 μM



ALP-POS-6d04362c-2
IC50 0.391 μM

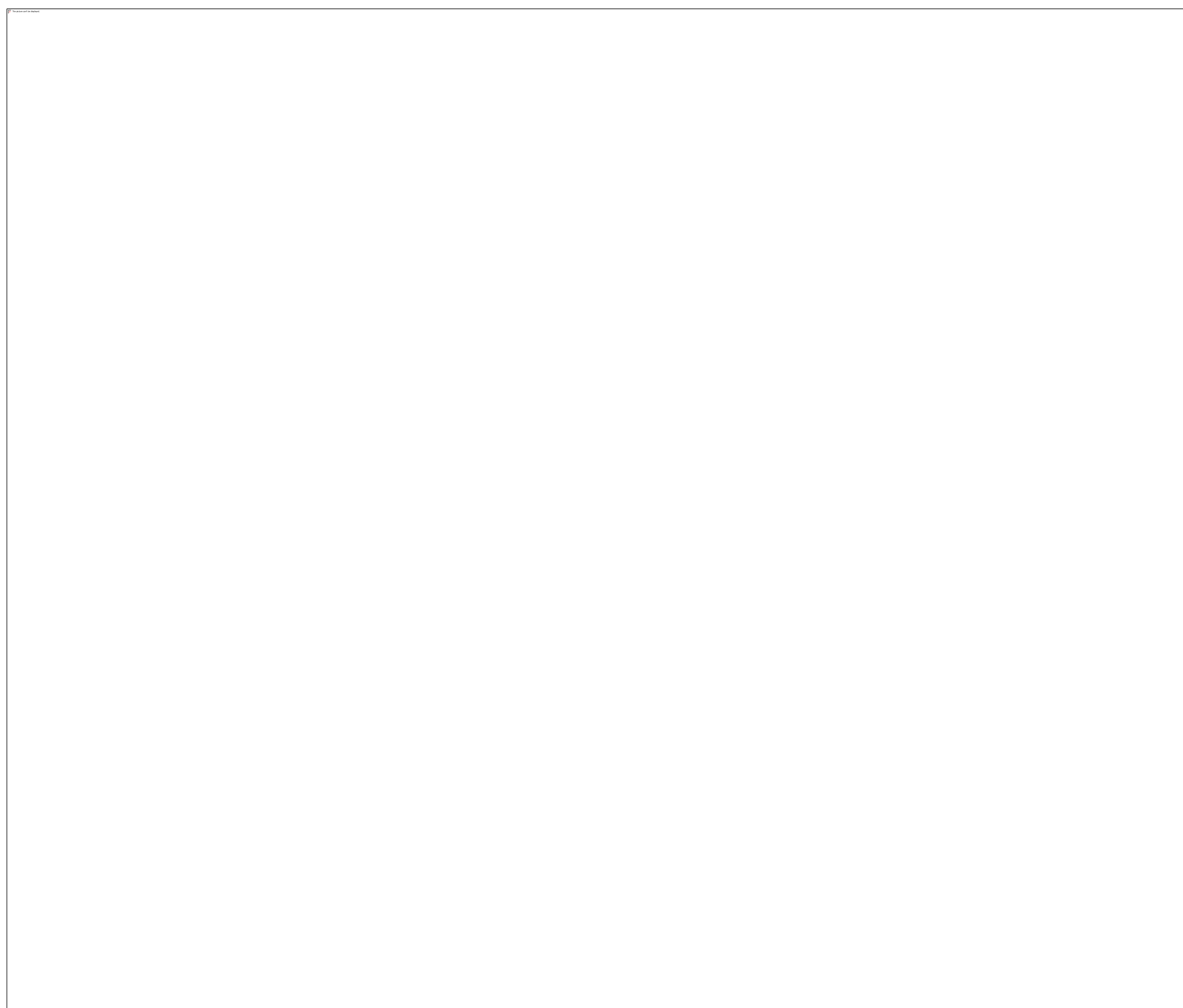
ALP-POS-c59291d4-2
(qPCR, SARS-CoV-2, Radboud)

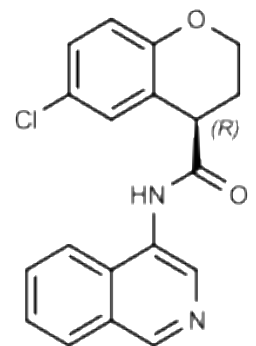
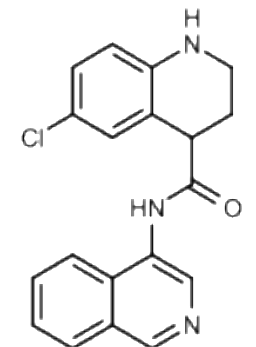
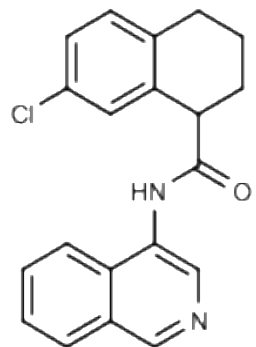
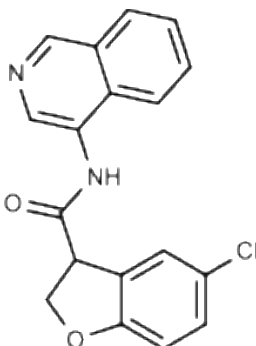


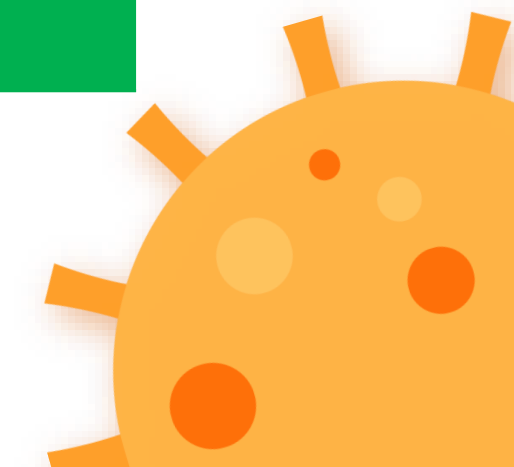
Assay	Type	August	December	TPP goal
Tier 1		ALP-POS-c59291d4-2	ALP-POS-6d04362c-2	
Mpro inhibition (Fluorescence)	IC50	1.63 μM	497 nM	<50 nM
Mpro inhibition (RapidFire)	IC50	12.6 μM	391 nM	<50 nM
Tier 2				
VeroE6 antiviral activity (Fluorescence, OC43)	IC50	>20 μM		<5 μM
VeroE6 antiviral activity (CPE)	IC50	not active		<5 μM
VeroE6 antiviral activity (CPE)	IC50	3.65 μM		<5 μM
VeroE6 cytotoxicity	CC50	>100 μM		>100 μM
A549 cytotoxicity	CC50	>20 μM		>100 μM
Calu-3 cytotoxicity	CC50	>100 μM		>100 μM
protease selectivity at 100 μM		<35%		<40%
MDCK-MDR1	Papp			>10 $\times 10^{-6}$ cm/s
human liver	CLint	641 $\mu\text{g}/\text{min}/\text{mg}$ protein		<10 $\mu\text{g}/\text{min}/\text{mg}$ protein
microsomal stability	t 1/2	2.16 min		>120 min



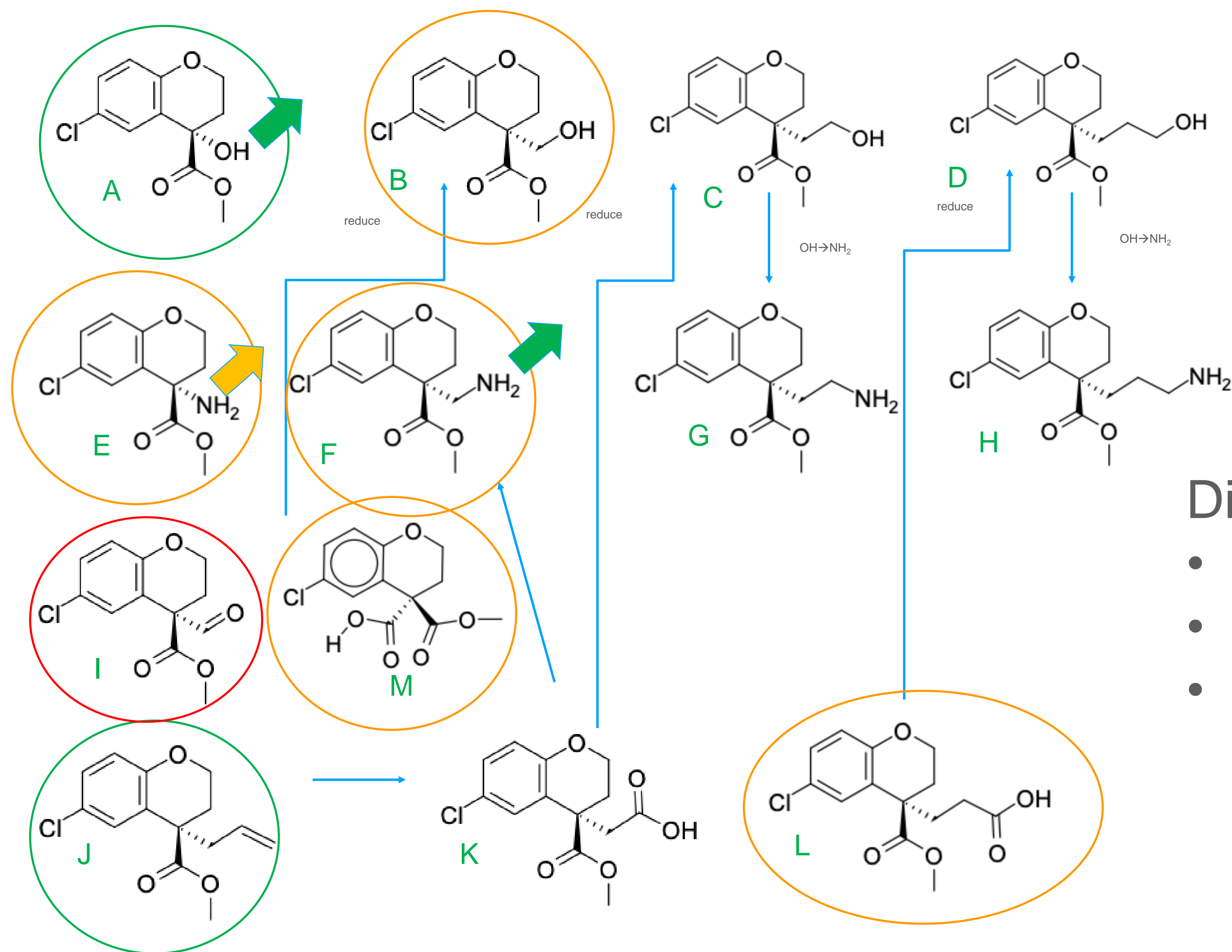
Aminopyridines – clearance & solubility



Molecule Name	Structure	CDD Number	SMILES	Synonyms	Projects	Batch Name	External ID	HLM t 1/2	HLM Clint(uL/min/mg)	PBS solubility, 24h, pH 7.4, μM
CVD-0013192		CDD-23865	<chem>Clc1ccc2OCC[C@@H](C(=O)Nc3cnc4ccccc34)N2</chem>		Compound 001		MAT-POS-b3e365b9-1	48.12	34.71	22
CVD-0013212		CDD-23865	<chem>Clc1ccc2NCCC(C(=O)Nc3cnc4ccccc34)N2</chem>		Compound 001		ALP-POS-477dc5b7-2	95	18	94
CVD-0013211		CDD-23865	<chem>Clc1ccc2CCCC(C(=O)Nc3cnc4ccccc34)N2</chem>		Compound 001		ALP-POS-477dc5b7-1	15	111	74
CVD-0012962			<chem>Clc1ccc2OCC(C(=O)Nc3cnc4ccccc34)N2</chem>		Compound 001		MAT-POS-f7918075-2	125	13	89



Aminopyridines - reach to P1'



- Diversification led by:
- FEP,
 - pharmacophore clusters
 - ML

